# **BLT Act**

## Basic Traffic Law 2024

#### A BILL

To promote a safe and efficient transportation system.

Be it enacted by the House of Representatives of the Republic of Vindex Nation in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the BTL Act of 2024.

#### SEC. 2. **DEFINITIONS.**

As used in this Act, the term—

"License" means the obtainment of successfully passing the drivers license exam, located at carshop;

"Intoxication" is defined as being under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or having severe diseases/effects impairing judgemental or perceptive ability;

"Grand Theft Auto" is the taking of one's vehicle without permission, without intent to return it in a reasonable amount of time or original condition;

"Speed limit" means the maximum land-speed a vehicle is allowed to maintain under the law;

"Parking" means the placing of one's vehicle without any use or supervision for any amount of time;

"Signage" means any sign, message, banner, or medium in which a communication is taking place to inform or describe the nature of the specific location and terms associated with it;

"Vehicle" is any machine or apparatus capable and intended to transport people, such as a car, truck, SUV, plane, helicopter, etc.

#### SEC. 3. LAND.

- (1) General Principles.
  - (a) All vehicle operators are required to have applied and passed a driver's license test. The Driver's Test is to consist of questions from this bill.
  - (b) Vehicles, with the exception of wheelchairs, may not be operated while intoxicated. Offenders are subject to either an arrest or a fine up to \$500.
  - (c) Bikes and wheelchairs are not to be operated on streets unless they cross them to get to the other side or no sidewalk/shoulder is available. Officers may arrest for this if the offender is crossing in excessive or abuse of this measure. Bikes and wheelchairs are only able to be operated on the shoulders and sidewalks next to roads.
  - (d) When driving, vehicle operators are expected to stay at attention and not be excessively reckless with their vehicle.
  - (e) Grand Theft Auto is illegal and warrants an arrest by law enforcement.

- (2) Parking.
  - (a) Land vehicles may be parked on the shoulder of roads, unless posted signage says otherwise, however, are prohibited from being left vacant in the street.
- (3) Emergency Vehicles.
  - (a) When an emergency vehicle is approaching and passing, clear the street by pulling over momentarily until all emergency vehicles (e.g. police, firefighters, EMS, etc) have passed.
    - (i) Emergency vehicles are exempt from all traffic law while responding to an emergency with sirens operating. Sirens are considered "operating" when a siren sound is transmitted once every three seconds or less. If abused, the offender shall be terminated or given disciplinary action.
    - (ii) It is unlawful to follow a law enforcement vehicle when its sirens are engaged without express permission. This permits either a \$500 fine or an arrest.
    - (iii) An emergency vehicle is also considered as "operating" if being actively attacked
- (4) Speed Limit.
  - (a) Upon the passage of this bill, there shall be no speed limit.
- (5) Driving Side.
  - (a) In Vindex Nation, all land vehicles operating on the road may only drive on the right side, unless safely passing another vehicle.
    - (i) Golf carts, tractors, and ATV's shall only operate on rural or non-major streets, not main roads.
    - (ii) Bikes and wheelchairs are not to be operated on streets unless they cross them to get to the other side. Officers may arrest for this if the offender is crossing in excessive or abuse of this measure. Bikes and wheelchairs are only able to be operated on the shoulders and sidewalks next to roads.

#### SEC. 4. AIR.

- (1) Height Regulations.
  - (a) All aircraft, unless extraordinary circumstances warrant it, are not to fly below Y-100, may be higher by city, unless taking off or landing. Aircraft are also not to fly within 15 blocks of buildings. Two or three warnings by law enforcement may be issued before they have permission to shoot the aircraft down.
    - (i) City Variable Heights:
      - (1) Addersfield: Y-200
      - (2) Vindex City (Downtown/Uptown): Y-200
      - (3) Westhedge: Y-150

(ii) Government Aircraft are exempt from this during an emergency, official military action, or training.

# (2) No-Fly Zones.

- (a) The President, Secretary of Transportation (if applicable), Congress with a simple majority, and Governors (if applicable) within their respective states, may deem no-fly zones in which no aircraft may fly. Failure to leave no-fly zones after 2-3 warnings from military personnel or law enforcement results in an arrest and/or aircraft being shot down.
  - (i) Exceptions to no-fly zones: official government aircraft acting in official duty, or a civilian aircraft in grave danger or duress.
  - (ii) The following airspaces are deemed no-fly zones automatically by Congress: The Capitol, The White House, The Pentagon, Fort Irwin, The DOJ Headquarters, Police Stations, Jail, any military installation, intelligence-related locations, and the State Capitals.
  - (iii) Law Enforcement and the military are authorized to enforce these no-fly zones, and exercise proper judgment to shoot down offending aircraft.
  - (iv) No aircraft is to be shot down if the pilot, or someone aboard is actively communicating with law enforcement or military, is in distress, cooperating with instruction, and not posing any articulable threat.
  - (b) The President and the Secretary of Defense can declare a "Air Defense Identification Zone," which extends 50 blocks around restricted military airspace. This serves as a buffer zone that allows the military to prepare a response before it's too late. Failure to responding to military personnel instructions and warnings would result in the plane being shot down.

# (3) Landing.

- (a) Aircraft are strictly prohibited from landing on roads. Fixed Wing Aircraft may only land on airstrips or airports. Rotary Aircraft as well as Hot Air Balloons may only land on helipads.
  - (i) All vehicles may bypass this in an emergency when strictly necessary.
  - (ii) Government vehicles may bypass this while acting in official duty, but shall abide by these rules unless strictly necessary. If abused, the operator may be terminated.

## SEC. 5. IMPLEMENTATION & ENFORCEMENT.

- (1) Culpability.
  - (a) In all cases, the vehicle owner, or driver/pilot of a vehicle when distinct, is responsible for their vehicle and what happens with that vehicle.
- (2) Enforcement.

(a) In all cases, Law Enforcement and the military, when applicable, may enforce these regulations

Signed,

Speaker of the House, Chief Sponsor

Matthew T. Williams

Representative, Co-Sponsor

JACOB WALL